
R. P. Bayley,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE
 CHINA WARE and STONE WARE at factory
No. 6 Hunter Street, near Baltimore
 BALTIMORE, MD.
 27, 1860. 3m

Baltimore
L. AND BASS WORKS, 48 Holliday
street, Baltimore, Md. REGISTER &
the Proprietors, are prepared to furnish
all descriptions, from 10 to 10,000
which are warranted equal in quality,
prolongation of sound and durability,
made in the United States.
Bells are made of the best materials,
and to give entire satisfaction; also,
breakage.

on hand at northern prices.
Certificates with full particulars, send for
our Circulars.
29, 1859. ly

New & Rich
SILVER, SILVER WARE, SILVER PLAT-
WARE, &c.—A. E. WARNER Gold and

R. MD., has in store a beautiful assortment of styles and patterns of **RICH JEWELRY**, for presents, embracing a great variety, in Gold and Sett Brooches, Medals, Carvers, &c., Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Finger Rings in Diamond, Ruby, Pearl, Coal, Emerald

1000s Gold Chains, Vest & Guard Chains,
 1000s Lockets, Gold Thimbles, Cuff Pins,
 1000s Chased and Plain Gold Rings; Pencils
 1000s, Sleeve Buttons and Studs, Gold and
 1000s Jet Bracelets, Pins & Ear Rings, &c.,
 A L S O,
 1000s Variety of Silver Mounted & Plated Castors,
 1000s Forks, Knives, Waiters, Candlesticks, Butter and
 1000s

ladies, Fancy Articles, &c., all of which
 faithfully offered on the lowest terms.
 The Country Trade and Dealers generally
 invited to give me a call, and examine
 and Prices, being satisfied that my **SIL-**
VER cannot be surpassed either for
 or quality, or the latest and most beau-
 tiful patterns.

[Feb. 27, 1860. 1y]

Burr Mill Stones



ed Plaster, and Mill Irons, of Warranted
Also, Colons, Coalies, and Esophes
ones of all sizes. [Feb. 27. '60. 1y

AND WOOD NAPHTHA. *PECTORAL,*
Best Medicine in the world for the Cure of
Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis,
Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart,

the relief of patients in the advanced
of
Consumption, together with all Diseases of
the Throat and Chest, and which pre-
dispose to Consumption.
Especially adapted to the radical cure of Asthma,

prepared by a practical Physician and
ist, and one of great experience in the
of the various diseases to which the hu-
man is liable.
offered to the afflicted with the greatest
care.
it and be convinced that it is invaluable

Prepared only by
DR. A. ESENWEIN & CO.,
Druggists and Chemists.

Merchants' Hotel,
NORTH FOURTH STREET.

PHILADELPHIA,
M'Kibbin & Son, Proprietors.
11 2, 1869. 1y*

The World's
GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL
AWARDED TO C. MEYER, for his two
London, October 15, 1881. — C. MEYER
fully informs his friends and the public

US. equal to those for which he received
the Medal in London, in 1851. . . .
orders promptly attended to, and great
care in the selection and packing the same.
has received during the last Fifteen years
Medals than any other maker from the
the Institute—also, First Premiums, in
New York and Baltimore.

Millinery. **ETTA FANE** respectfully informs the ladies of New Oxford and the surrounding country, that she has received a number lot of Goods from the city such as
Bonnets, Hosiery, Shawls, and all the

in the Bonnetline. Old bonnetmakers up-
rushing attended to Ladies' dresses
in the most fashionable style. Cutting
at the shortest notice. Ladies call and
for yourselves. Hanover street, opposite
New Oxford Depot. [April 16, 1864.]

W. SALOON.—GEO. F. BROWN has removed his Oyster establishment to the mid new Saloon in Jacobs & Bro's. Building on the North side of Chambersburg street, he will at all times be prepared to serve the best of OYSTERS, in every style. (By giving a good article, he expects to receive a share of public patronage. **TURTLE CHICKEN BEEF TONGUE PRON**

TRIPLE, BOILED and FRIED EGGS, ICE
MELT, BIRDS, &c., in their season. A nice
ALE or LAGER can always be had.—
and try me. G. F. ECKENRODE.
12, 1899.

Mountjoy township, Adams county, de-
having been granted to the undersig-
niding in the same township, she hereby
notice to all persons indebted to said
to make immediate payment, and those
claims against the same to present them
to the undersigned for settlement.

ESTHER FRASER, Adm'r.
The undersigned has been constituted
for the Administratrix, and the business
estate may be transacted with him. He
near the late residence of deceased.
12, 1899. Gt. JAMES BEAVER.

Mantua-Making.
MISSES SHILLENN, Mantua Makers,
have removed to High street, near Solo-
owers's, where they ask a continuance of
frequentage of the Ladies. They will spare
no pains to please, as heretofore.

Lots for Sale.
A subscriber offers TWO LOTS OF
GROUND, on Saratoga street, at the Rail-
road sale. They are admirably located,
well suited for building for almost any

New Goods
GEORGE ARNOLD has just received from
 the city a large stock of cheap CLOTHS,
 MEN'S Summer Clothes, Trunks, Drill-

Linen, Yarn, Cord, &c., &c.—
 Linen, Calico, Gingham, and Cotton
 goods, every variety. Call and see them.
 J. B. QUINN & SONS
 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

... ..

TERMS:

The COMPILER is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHL, at \$1.75 per annum in advance—\$2.00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. Job Printing done with neatness and dispatch.

Office in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wampler's Tinning Establishment—"Compiler" on the sign.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him with promptness. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. McClellan, Esq.)
Gettysburg, April 11, 1860. tf

Wm. B. McClellan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office in West Middle street, one door west of the new Court House.
Gettysburg, Nov. 14, 1859.

Wm. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office in the North-west corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Oct. 3, 1859. tf

A. J. Cover,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to Collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Falmestock's and Danner & Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5, 1859.]

Edward B. Buehler,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street.) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PATENTORS. Recently Land Warrants, Back-pays, and other claims in Washington, D. C., also American Claims in England, Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Dr. A. W. Dorsey,
FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office at the corner of Baltimore street, next door to The Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

Prof. Athan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, Westminster, Md.
Dr. W. A. Mathias, " "
Jacob Reese, Esq., " "
John K. Longwell, Esq., " "
Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., " "
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.
Oct. 31, 1859. 6m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.
HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Pickens's store, where those wishing to have any dental operation performed are respectfully invited to call. References: Drs. Homer, Rev. C. P. Kraft, O. D., Rev. H. L. Baughner, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '60.

Wanted.
A FIRST-CLASS BEAM HAND, one thoroughly acquainted with the business, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given. Apply to R. P. SMITH, Flintstone Tannery, 12 miles East of Cumberland, Md.
April 16, 1860. 2t

Just in Season!
GIVE US A CALL!—The undersigned have just received from the cities an immense stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, VESTINGS in all varieties, &c., suitable for the season, which they offer to the public at unprecedentedly low rates.

"They ask a call,"
To convince all—
of the truth of his assertion. No trouble to show goods and give prices. A large lot of READY-MADE CLOTHING also selling cheaper than ever.

Garments made up for men and boys, as usual, in the very best manner, and according to any style desired. The work being done in their own establishment, they are always enabled to warrant it. Consider, their place of business is the largest and commodious room adjoining Coburn & Culp's on Chambersburg street.
JACOBS & BRO.,
Sept. 19, 1859. Merchant Tailors.

New Periodical Store.
READING, REVENUE, AND ALL KINDS OF READING.—The undersigned most respectfully announces to the reading public that he has opened a new Periodical Store and News Depot in the room recently occupied for that purpose by Messrs. Aughbaugh & Son, in Carlisle street, a few doors above the Western Hotel, where he is prepared to meet the wants and suit the tastes of the literary world.

The city Dailies will be received and delivered promptly. All the leading Magazines, Periodicals, Literary Journals, Pictorials, Ballads, Tracts, and every thing in the line of the News and Periodical line will be found at the new establishment of
JOSEPH BROADHEAD.
Subscriptions to papers, magazines, &c., received at all times. Give us a call. J. B.
April 2, 1860. 2m

Milinery Removed.
MISS MARIA BENNETT has removed her Milinery Establishment to the east side of Baltimore street, directly opposite the old stand. She has bought Trimmings on hand, and will also have ready-made Bonnets. The new fashions for Bonnets received. Work done in the best manner, and according to the newest style.
Gettysburg, April 9, 1860.*

Another Arrival.
G. CARB has just received another large stock of GROCERIES, GLASS and QUEENSWARE, CHEESE, &c., to which he invites the attention of the public. He only asks a call, convinced that he can satisfy every customer. Remember the place—York street, nearly opposite the "Globe Inn."
April 2, 1860.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!!
WE have just received from the city of New York a large assortment of Wall Paper, of the latest patterns and designs—Globe, Marble and Oak, velvet and plain border, decoration, fire board prints and window shades. Wall Paper from 5 cents per piece and upwards.
March 26, 1860.

HOUSEKEEPERS, TAKE NOTICE.—Persons about going to Housekeeping can have a general assortment of everything they need, at low prices at
FARMSTOCKS.

SHAW'S SHAWLS—Ladies call and see them. From \$1.25 to \$10. at
J. C. GUINN & BROS.

OUR stock of GROCERIES has been replenished, and which will be sold low, at
April 16, 1860. A. SCOTT & BOWEN.

CHARPENTIER—Good carpeting at 25 cents per yard, at the cheap store of
J. C. GUINN & BROS.

QUINN'S—Persons wishing this article at low prices should call at
J. C. GUINN & BROS.

THE COMPILER.

A Democratic, News and Family Journal.

By H. J. STAHL.

"TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL."

TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

42ND YEAR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.: MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1860.

NO. 47.

POET'S CORNER.

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

A ROUGHED LESSON, BEAUTIFULLY TOLD.

A roselod blossomed in my bower,
A bird sang in my garden;
The roselod was its fairest flower,
The bird its gentlest warbler.

And a child behind the hinden-tree
Sang, "I think no more of sorrow;
But let us smile and sing to-day,
For we must weep to-morrow."

I asked the bird, "Oh didst thou hear
The song that she would sing to thee?
And can it be that thou shouldst fear
That the next morn'g would bring thee?"

He answered with triumphant strain,
Saying, "I know not sorrow;
But I must sing my best to-day,
For I may die to-morrow!"

I asked the rose, "Oh tell me, sweet,
In thy first beauty's dawning,
Thou canst not fear, from this retreat,
The coming of the morning?"

She flung her fragrant leaves apart,
The lovelier for her sorrow,
Saying, "Yet I must bloom to-day,
For I may drop to-morrow!"

I said, "The bloom upon my cheek
Is fleeting as the rose's bloom;
My voice no more shall sing or speak,
When dust in dust I lie."

And from these soulless monitors
One lesson I may borrow—
That we should smile and sing to-day,
For we may weep to-morrow!"

[Home Journal.]

MISCELLANY.

Leaving Home.

There is hardly a time in the life of a youth, which seems to gather together so many tokens of a mother's affection and care, as when he is leaving the roof that has sheltered him from infancy, and going forth to prepare for, or to enter upon, the duties and scenes of life. That trunk, which no one but his mother can arrange and pack, is filled with the work of her own hands; work which she has done while he was, perhaps, asleep, or at play; on which her tears have fallen, as she has anticipated the moment of separation; and over which her prayers have often been silently offered for blessings on her child. Piece after piece is carefully put away, while the children look on, and talk cheerfully of the morrow, and know not the anxiety and care that is passing in the mother's heart. All is at length arranged and on the way is placed a Bible, on the fly-leaf of which is written the mother's earnest wish. That her child may take that blessed volume as his guide through life. And when he is far away, amid scenes that are strange and new, if there is one motive next to the desire to obey God, that should above all others, induce him to abstain from evil, and to act wisely and virtuously, it should be the wish to please his mother, and to repay her kindness and care. Nothing will so surely do this, as the knowledge that, on her remembers her instructions, obeys her commands, even while absent, and is growing up in wisdom and virtue.

Herschel and Newton were men of intellectual substance; Fenelon and Wesley, of spiritual substance; Luther was a man of moral substance; Howard, of benevolent substance. Some men are wealthy; some because they are fat; but the weight of all is the high, noble mind of man, influenced largely by spiritual force; for all men weigh in the moral world according to their energy, morality, goodness of heart, greatness of soul and Christian humility. All man's selfishness, assumption, pretensions, oppression, &c., detract from the true substance of the man, and deduct from his weight accordingly. Wellington, when he was born, perhaps did not weigh more than ten pounds, but when he died he weighed down England and more than half of Europe. The same thought might be applied to our own Thomas Jefferson; and so of Newton, who hung lightly on the steelyard when he went on his tour of investigation among the planets—but before he died he weighed the planets upon the steelyard of his logic.

A Literary Gem.—There is something so tender and beautiful in the following from the pen of B. F. Taylor, of the Chicago Journal, that throws sunset around the tomb. We commend it to the lovers of the chaste and glowing in thought and diction:

"There is but a breath of air and a beat of the heart, betwixt this world and the next. When the good and lovely die, then the memory of their deeds, like the moonbeams on the stormy sea, light up our darkened hearts and lend to the surrounding gloom a beauty so sad, so sweet that we would not, if we could, dispel the darkness that environs it."

A year ago we predicted that "the little bonnets of the present day are sure to be followed by the large scoop shawls which used to hide the fair faces of the wearers fifteen or twenty years ago." Editors, like poets, are prophets ex-officio, and the fulfillment of our fashions. Not long ago, you couldn't see a woman's bonnet for her face; presently you won't be able to see her face for the bonnet, but, "Searching long in vain,
You'll spy her features down a Leghorn lane!"

Slanders, issuing from red, and beautiful lips, are like foul spiders crawling from the blushing heart of a rose.

When you receive a kindness, remember it; when you bestow one, forget it.

Fame is like an eel—rather hard to catch and a good deal harder to hold.

A Real Romance.

Some years ago, says the Petersburg Press, a lady residing in Pennsylvania sent her only child, a son, to Europe, to look after certain property that had been bequeathed to her by a relative in Belgium. The sum was a large one, and would have placed her far beyond the necessity of labor. The property was secured and the son wrote home that he would return home in the steamer Pacific, with the funds obtained from its sale. The Pacific never reached the shores of America, and it is supposed that all on board of her perished. The old lady was inconsolable for a long while, but time finally softened her grief. She removed to Petersburg, and for a long time has been noted amongst her immediate neighbors for her industry and charity.

On Thursday last, a stranger called upon her. He was bearded to the eyes, and his mien betokened one who had seen much of the world. She received him kindly, and he began to speak of her son. She recognized his voice—the veil of years was lifted from her eyes—the old time came back to her like a long forgotten dream, and she knew her offspring.

His story is readily related. He did not leave in the Pacific, but was taken ill in London with the bilious fever. During his sickness he was robbed of all he possessed. Upon his recovery he dared not return home penniless, and therefore repaired to France. Finding no employment, he made his way to Russia, where he obtained a situation upon one of the government railways, then under the superintendence of Joseph Harrison, Jr., Esq., of Philadelphia. Accumulating a handsome sum he returned to France, and purchased a farm, which he subsequently disposed of at a large profit. He then repaired to England where he espoused the daughter of a gentleman of wealth. After his honeymoon he returned to this country, in the Bohemian, to seek his mother and carry her home. After considerable effort he found her in our city, and on Monday last left for the North, whence he will shortly take passage for Europe.

Talking of actions at law, Quilp says they are of two sorts, namely, civil and criminal, which he severely defines and illustrates in the following intelligible manner:—Thus, to lift your friend's note at a bank is a civil action—very; while shop-lifting is a criminal action—and a heavy offence. Speaking of actions real and personal, he observes that "personal actions die with the person," and he further remarks (on his own hook) that sometimes the person dies with the action, as in cases of suicide. The doctrine that "real actions survive the person," he thinks can only apply to real bad actions, and quotes Chief Baron Shakespear (Jul. Cms. act 3, sec. 2):

"The evil that men do lives after them,
The good is oft interred with their bones."

A Ruffian for an Oliver.—A wag of a fellow by the name of Thornton, one day got up during service and walked out of church making a rather prominent display of a gold-headed cane. The preacher, a well-known eccentric character, with a wooden leg—the result of his love of fox hunting—immediately pounced upon him in this wise: "Pull that cane from under your arm my young friend, and throw it away. There are no gold-headed canes in heaven." Whereupon, Thornton turning around, replied: "Pull that stick of wood out of your pants, my old friend, and throw it away. There are no wooden legs in heaven."

An Abolition College.—"Artemus Ward" thus sums up briefly college life at Oberlin: "Oberlin is a large place. Kollidge opens with a prayer and the New York Tribune is read. A kolleghism is then taken up to buy overcoats with red horn buttons on them for the indignant kullered people of Kanada. I have to kontribit liberally to the glorious work, as they call it here. At the bordin house the kullered people sits at the first table, what they leave is made into hash for the white people. P. S.—The Kollidge has bestowed upon me the honorary title of K. T., of which I am sufficiently proud."

"Mrs. Jones," said a gentleman, one day last Summer, when railroad accidents were so numerous, to a lady whose husband was a brakeman, "Mrs. Jones, do you not feel worried about Mr. Jones while he is on the cars, in view of the many accidents that are now daily occurring?" "Well, I'm not at all," replied the contented lady, "for, d'y'ee see, if he is killed I know I shall be paid for his cow that was run over by the cars a few days since!"

Not long since a religious society in Connecticut met to decide what color they should paint their meeting-house. Some proposed one color and some another. At last said one:

"I move we paint it run-color, for Deacon Smith has had his face painted that color for a number of years, and it grows brighter and brighter every year!"

The stars do not more surely keep their courses, than an ill-regulated manhood will follow a misdirected youth.

A woman recently got a divorce from her husband, in Illinois, because he insisted on sleeping with his shoes on.

A monument to John Banyan, the author of "Pilgrim's Progress," is about to be erected in London.

What Crows May be Educated To.

We see frequent remonstrances in the agricultural papers, against the killing of crows, and they are declared to be natural scavengers, very necessary to us. But, in the Island of Ceylon, where they have always been held sacred, and therefore have been at liberty to propagate and acquire knowledge, they are thus described:—"No article however unpromising its quality, provided only it be portable, can with safety be left unguarded in any apartment accessible to them. The contents of ladies' work-boxes, kid gloves and pocket handkerchiefs, vanish instantly if exposed near a window or an open door. They open paper parcels to ascertain the contents; they will undo the knot on a napkin if it encloses anything eatable, and I have known a crow to extract the peg which fastened the lid of a basket, in order to plunder the provender within. On one occasion a nurse seated in a garden adjoining a regimental mess-room, was terrified by seeing a bloody clasp-knife drop from the air at her feet; but the mystery was explained on learning that a crow, which had been watching the cook chopping mince-meat, had seized the moment when his head was turned to carry off the knife. One of these ingenious marauders, after vainly attitudinizing in front of a chained watch-dog, which was lazily gnawing a bone, and after fruitlessly endeavoring to divert his attention by dancing before him, with head away and eye askance, at length flew away for a moment, and then returned, bringing with it a companion, who perched itself on a branch a few yards in the rear. The crow's grimaces were now actively renewed, but with no better result, till its confederate, poisoning himself on his wings, descended with the utmost velocity, striking the dog upon the spine with all the force of his beak. The ruse was successful; the dog started with surprise and pain, but not quickly enough to seize his assailant, whilst the crow had been gnawing disappeared the moment his head was turned. Two well authenticated instances of the recurrence of this device came within my knowledge at Colombo, and attest the sagacity and power of communication and combination possessed by these astute and courageous birds."

"I Don't Dance."—A plain, unlettered man from the country in the State of Alabama, came to Tuscaloosa, and on the Sabbath went early to church. He selected a seat in a convenient spot, and awaited patiently the assembling of the congregation. The services commenced. Presently the music of a full-toned organ burst upon his astonished ear; he had never heard one before. At the same time the gentleman who owned the slip came up the aisle, with his lady leaning upon his arm. As he approached the door of the slip he motioned to give place to the lady. This movement the countryman did not comprehend, and from the situation of the gentleman and lady, associated as it was in his mind with the music, he immediately concluded that a cotillion, or a French contra dance, or some other dance was intended. Rising partly from his seat he said to him—"Excuse me, sir—excuse me, if you please, I don't dance."

A correspondent from Potosi remits us several sayings of the little folks, of which we may quote: "My little Juma leaving her play, and laying her head in her mother's lap, asked: 'Ma, if I am a good girl, will God give me the stars to play with when I die and go to Heaven?'" "Sitting in the door one day she noticed a neighboring woman fondling a little dog, whereupon she soliloquized as follows: 'I wish I was a dog—that Dutch woman's dog—she's so kind to it. I always wanted to be a dog; but I suppose when the Lord got my head made he found it was a baby's and so he kept right on!'"

Short but Emphatic.—John Short, a burglar, whose shortcomings placed him in the jail at Newport, Rhode Island, and who broke out about a week since, has written a letter to the Mayor of that city, which is decidedly cool. The letter is dated Newport, and says:

"Mr. Mayor: I have taken the job of rebuilding the Pemberton Mills, at Lawrence, and will be obliged to absent myself from the city for some time in consequence. On my return I will take a contract for repairing the Newport jail, as, in my opinion, it is not of sufficient security for the incarceration of prisoners."

Profitable Exchange.—A physician in Middleboro, Mass., who has some fowls which he values very highly, one morning last week, on going into his yard, discovered that some one had been making a predatory visit there and stolen some of his best hens. On looking around a little, he found a purse on the ground containing 800, undoubtedly dropped by the careless thief. The doctor is quite willing to have some more hens stolen at that rate.

An exchange says:—"A fellow in New York offers to match the American eagle in a fight against any dog in the country." Why not? If the American eagle could whip a lion, of course he can whip a dog. That's a *fortiori*, as the logicians say. Trot out your canine!

We may bet our money on the national bird—Anybody bet on the dog?

Bryant says that "the groves were God's first temples." Prentice says:—"A good many romantic young lovers unquestionably find them delightful meeting-places."

True Contentment.

In this age of restlessness and wild speculation, when so many are searching eagerly for happiness, and sighing, after numerous disappointments, "who will show us any good?" it is refreshing to meet with a contented Christian heart, which has found true peace by living in constant communion with God. In one of our exchanges, we find the following:

"Said a venerable farmer, some eighty years old, to a relative who had lately visited him, 'I have lived on this farm half a century. I have no desire to change my residence as long as I live on earth. I have no desire to be any richer than I now am. I have worshipped the God of my fathers with the same people for more than forty years. During this time I have rarely been absent from the sanctuary on the Sabbath, and have never lost one communion season. I have never been confined to my bed by sickness for a single day. The blessings of God have been richly spread around me, and I made up my mind long ago, that if I wished to be happier, I must have more religion.'"

How to Enjoy Toothache.

To enjoy the delectable pain to its fullest extent, you should have it in all its glory for about a week. Let the pain permeate and insinuate into every portion of the diseased member, racing, jumping and springing around generally like rats in a corn-crib; let it ache until you can't tell whether the pain is in your mouth, on the top of your head, or in your ear; but rather think it is around there; let it ache until you feel like it would be a great relief to hold up your head by the ears and shake out every molar, incisor, grinder and acher in it; let it ache until you are doubtful whether you stand in the position that nature assigned you, or with your heels in the air; let it ache until you seriously believe that every bone, nerve and muscle of your body is full of teeth, and that every tooth is aching on its own hook, and then, when you have enough pain in your individual mouth to fit out an hospital—when you feel like kicking yourself down stairs—when you are exceedingly anxious to fall down somewhere and break your neck—then, we repeat, you begin to realize the toothache.—*Janitor's Register.*

Mrs. Partington and the Medicine.—"I want something for a bronchial affliction," said Mrs. Partington, leaning over Dr. Resticau's counter. The Doctor, with that smiling urbanity which has become a feature at the north end, told her that he could prepare something that would help her. Filling a small bottle he handed it to her. "This isn't the Pictorial Syrup, is it?" she inquired; "because," continued she, "that creates a nausea and rises my expectations; I only want a simple lubrication for the throat." He assured her it was just what she wanted. She thanked him, forgetting all about the pay, while he amused himself by trying to pull a pound of sponge through an inch mesh of iron network.

Eavesdropping.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. Silas Williamson, indicted for eavesdropping, on the oath of Henry Rutter, is set down for trial at the next term of the Dauphin county court. An eavesdropper is defined by Webster to be "one who stands under the eaves or near a window or door of a house to listen and hear what is said within doors; figuratively, one who watches for an opportunity to hear the private conversation of others." Cases of this nature are of very rare occurrence in our State, and from its singularity, the trial will attract much attention.

Dun.—Almost every person has had occasion to use the word "dun," and all know what it means, as now rendered, yet few, we venture to say, know its origin. It owes its paternity, it is said, to one Joe Dun, a famous bailiff of Lincoln, England, in the time of Henry VII. He was so extremely shrewd in the management of his rough business, and so dexterous in the collection of dues, that his name became proverbial; and whenever a man refused to pay his debts, it grew into a prevalent custom to say, "Why don't you Dun him?"

Birth of a Monster.—The town of Dutch Acres is fixed upon as the birth-place of a monster. The being is said to have been all covered with hair, to have had six fingers on each hand, and six toes on each foot. It had three heads and a tail, eyes at the back of each head, and three pairs of horns. The account adds that the child was according to custom, burned alive, and that the mother died eight days afterward.

The Coast of Cuba again threatens danger to unwary American merchantmen. Capt. Swaney of the ship *Musconoma*, at New Orleans from Liverpool, reports that when off the coast of Cuba, he was pursued and fired at by a war steamer carrying Spanish colors; and was only permitted to pass after answering various interrogatories. He states that he had the American flag flying all the time.

No More Hanging.—The Legislature of the State of Wisconsin has refused, by a very decided vote, to repeal the law abolishing capital punishment in that State.

During the recent session of the Legislature 2300 bills were reported from the various Standing Committees. Most of these bills were acted upon in both houses, and over half of them passed finally.

The Great Sea Serpent.

The British Banner has beat the American flag, and has actually got dominion over the "tarheel snake," at last. The following extract from the log of the barque British Banner, will give some idea of the strength and size of this monster of the deep: "On the 25th April, in lat. 12 deg. 7 min. S., long. 93 deg. 52 min. E., felt a strong sensation as if the ship was trembling. Sent the second mate to see what was up; the latter called out to me to go up the fore-rigging and look over the bows. I did so, and saw an enormous serpent shaking the bowsprit with his mouth. There was about thirty feet of the serpent out of the water abalf of our stern; must have been at least 300 feet long; was about the circumference of a very wide circoline petticoat, with black back, shaggy mane, horn on his forehead and large glaring eyes, placed rather near the nose, and jaws about eight feet long. He did not observe me, and continued shaking the bowsprit and throwing the sea alongside into a foam until the former came clear away of the ship. The serpent was powerful enough, although the ship was carrying all sail, and going at about six knots at the time he attacked us, to stop her way completely. When the bowsprit, with the jibboom sails and rigging, went by the board, the monster swallowed the foremast stay and flying jib with the greatest apparent ease; he also snapped the thickest of the rigging asunder like thread. He sheered off a little after this, and returned apparently to scratch himself against the side of the ship, making a most extraordinary noise resembling that on board a steamer, when the boilers are blowing off. A whale breached within a mile of the ship at this time, and the serpent darted off after it like a flash of lightning, striking the vessel with his tail, and staying in all the starboard quarter gally. Saw no more of it, but caught a young one in the afternoon, and brought it on to Melbourne. William Wallace, Master, British Banner." [Gazette, Port Louis, Mauritius.] [The Banner arrived at Liverpool on Sunday, and is now in the Albert Dock. Captain Taylor declares that the above statement is perfectly correct.]

A Lantern Cane.—One of the most unique of recent Yankee inventions is a cane, which is also a lantern, a stout, elegant walking-stick, and a brilliant steady light. The lantern is set in the body of the cane about six inches from its top, and so as not to disfigure its proportions or beauty, and can be lit at pleasure by pulling the cane apart, or borne along dead, when the cane, without close observation, is undistinguishable from a large walking-stick. It is a useful invention for doctors, watchmen, editors of daily papers, young men who "sit up" late with people who ain't their sisters, and all other classes who have to be out at nights.

Remedy for a Felon.—We find the following in the Auburn Daily News: A lady who had been troubled for some time with a felon on her finger, gives a simple remedy from which she experienced great relief, and which enabled her to obtain sleep for the first time in many nights. It was to cut a hole in a lemon and wear it on the finger like a thimble—the felon being encased in the fruit.

A bright little girl of five years was recently standing by the window, busily examining a hair which she had just pulled from her head. "What are you doing my daughter?" asked her mother, whose curiosity was excited by her eager gaze. "I'm looking for the number, mamma," said the child; "the Bible says that the hairs of our head are numbered, and I want to see what the number is on this."

It is very common for homely people to disparage beauty, as if it were the inevitable accompaniment of dullness and depravity; whereas Nature, in spite of occasional freaks, is a great lover of symmetry, and with a good face is very apt to give a corresponding mind and disposition. That is Quilp's opinion, and he is plain enough to be an impartial judge.—*Boston Post.*

Every young man should remember that the world always honors industry. The vulgar and useless idler, whose energies of body and mind are rusting for want of occupation, may look with scorn upon the laborer, engaged at his toil; but his scorn is praise; his contempt honor.

A Cleveland shoemaker lately ran away from his wife for a most singular reason. She blessed him with twins. He said he had no objection to such an event once, but his wife had "played the same caper before, and he would not live with a woman that served him so."

Very extensive ruins of an ancient city have been discovered in New Mexico, ninety miles northwest of Fort Stanton. They are said to rival in magnitude and architectural decoration the gigantic ruins of Thebes and Palmyra. They were evidently built by a warlike race.

A raw Jerseyman who had been gazing at a garden in Richmond, in which were several marble statues, exclaimed: "Just see what a waste! Here's no less than six scare-crows in this little ten-foot patch, and any one of them would be enough to keep the crows from a five acre lot!"

Why is a dog with a broken leg like a boy at arithmetic? Answer—Because he puts down three and carries one.

Women's Sympathy in Men's Nations.

A very important subject is touched by a correspondent of the "Country Gentleman," who thus writes:

"Did it ever occur to the ladies how much aid and comfort they might furnish their husbands and brothers by taking an interest in their labors, inquiring as to the success of experiments, and manifesting that sympathy that we all feel the need of? Nothing sweetens toil like sympathy. The reward of the farmer's labor is not bread alone; it is the approbation of Heaven, his own self respect, and lastly, the approval of his fellow-men, and especially the better part of creation. The tournament is not the only place where woman can incite to action, and reward the victor. Would that they felt their power and exerted it on the farmer as well as they do on the orator and warrior. Farming can never take its true rank among the occupations of our country till the women properly appreciate it, and are ready to lend a hand and heart to the farmer as to the merchant and professional man. The contrast between our country and England, in this respect is striking. The duchess and the queen herself take an interest in all that relates to the advancement of the farming interest, and do not feel it beneath their dignity to notice an improved Durham or South Down. Whereas, I asked the daughter of one of our farmers a short time since about a beautiful calf of her father's and she had never seen it. She had heard her father speak of such a calf but had not felt interested enough in it to look at it. How can a man feel much enthusiasm in his labors when the results of his efforts are so little appreciated? The woman wish us to admire their trim figures, and we love to do it, and to gain our admiration they contract here and expand there, till the 'human form divine' is lost in the multiplicity of folds and adornments. They call upon us to admire the chef-d'oeuvre of their tiny hands, 'the love of a bonnet,' and we never fail to pronounce it beautiful, charming, perfectly bewitching; but when we ask them in return to look at a sleek Suffolk, or a finely developed Short Horn, they turn up their noses as though these things were vulgar and beneath their attention. We can never expect our sons to grow up with a love of agriculture till its merits are better appreciated by the mothers and sisters."

Action of Frost Upon Soils.

The soluble part of the soil is the inorganic food of the plants. Rain water cannot come in contact with the soil, or even with a gravel heap without dissolving some of it. Expose almost any stone, or handful of gravel, washed clean, to the action of a quart or so of rain water several days, and upon evaporating the water, it will be seen from the residue left that a portion has been dissolved. Now let these same stones be exposed, covered or partly covered with water, in a sancer, to the action of frost, setting them out of doors for two or three cold nights, taking care that they thaw by day. Pour off the water, rinsing with fresh, and evaporate as above, and it will be seen that a very much larger quantity has come into solution. The reason is, that all stones being somewhat porous, by the action of the frost their outer portion is broken up, scaled and fissured, and a vastly greater surface is exposed to the action of the water, even though this fissuring is not visible to the eye. When land is exposed to alternate freezing and thawing, the same effect must take place.—*Scientific American.*

The above hardly covers the whole action of frost upon soils; for while the disintegration of surfaces of particles above referred to, must be admitted as true in degree, still the greater amount of disintegration is the more thorough separation of the particles from each other, so as to break up their contact. It is well known that water has its mean of bulk at about forty degrees Fahrenheit, and that it swells either by heating or cooling; thus, from forty down to thirty-two degrees, (the freezing point) water increases in bulk, while a film of water located between two particles, or even but partly filling the space, and not entirely intervening between them, when the collar of water surrounding the point of contact is swelled, it must force the particles apart, and thus admit atmosphere between surfaces previously too closely in contact to admit of such action.

All organic matter in the soil imbued by water, is disintegrated by its freezing, and indeed there is no amount of weight, nor any arrangement of matter, capable of defying that necessary agent of vegetable growth, known as Jack Frost.

Temperatures higher than forty degrees occurring suddenly, resemble the effects of frost in degree, so far as they affect disintegration.—*Working Farmer.*

A bill has recently passed both Houses of the New York Legislature, so modifying the death penalty that executions hereafter are only to be for treason, arson, and murder in the first degree, and death sentences are not to be executed until one year, nor until the Governor so directs by warrant. This gives time for developments, if error or perjury has been committed.

The Rev. John Stein, for the last forty years pastor of the Lutheran churches in Lebanon county, Pa., died last week. He was one

THE COMPILER.



BY J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

AT THE COMPILER'S OFFICE, 100 N. 2ND ST., PHILADELPHIA.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1860.

FOR GOVERNOR.

HON. HENRY D. FOSTER,

OF NEW YORK.

SEVENTH EDITION.

Hon. George M. Edin, Hon. Richard Van.

1. Frederick A. Server, 14. Isaac Rockwell.

2. Wm. C. Patterson, 15. Geo. D. Johnson.

3. Jos. Cockett, Jr., 16. John A. M.

4. Jos. U. Brenner, 17. Jos. H. Danner.

5. G. W. Jacoby, 18. F. R. Crawford.

6. Oliver P. James, 19. H. N. Lee.

7. David Schall, 20. Jos. B. Howell.

8. Joel Leimer, 21. N. B. Fitchman.

9. S. S. Backus, 22. Samuel M. Hall.

10. S. H. Backus, 23. H. B. Backus.

11. S. H. Backus, 24. B. D. Hamilton.

12. S. H. Backus, 25. Gaylord Church.

13. Jos. Lambach.

Letter from the Editor.

ON BOARD THE "KEYSTONE STATE."

CHARLESTON HARBOR.

April 21, 1860.

DEAR READER:—CONTRARY to my

many misgivings before leaving home,

this voyage has been to me one of un-

alloyed pleasure, not having had even

a moment's "sea-sickness," that great

affliction of almost all sea goers, whilst

the weather was very fine and the company

excellent. A few notes of our run from

Philadelphia here may not prove un-

interesting to you.

At 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon

last, the "Keystone State" backed out

of her dock in the "Quaker City,"

amidst the huzzas of thousands of Demo-

crats assembled on the wharf, which

adieu was responded to with equal

warmth from on board, the thunders of

a second edition of "Popeloe Ann" w-

winding up the demonstration. A

pleasant start anyhow.

Our party numbered about eighty,

including nearly fifty of the fifty-four

Pennsylvania delegates to the Charle-

ston Convention.

The Keystone State is a first class

coasting steamer, 225 feet long, 52 feet

broad, 1864 tons burden, 500 horse-

power engines, (consuming one to two

tons of coal per hour), and draws, when

loaded, 14 feet water. Her cabins are

large and airy, handsomely and com-

fortably furnished, whilst her state

rooms are cozy and snug enough for a

king to quarter in. Her table is fault-

less, combining every substantial and

delicacy afforded by best of the Phila-

delphia markets. She is commanded by

Captain MARSHMAN, as thorough a

seaman as he is a safe and competent

captain, who soon so won upon the con-

fidence of all on board, even the most

timid, as to put out of the question any

idea of a want of safety. I may say,

by way of parenthesis, that I felt fully

as secure, away out upon the broad

ocean, with nothing in view, as far as

the eye could stretch, but the deep blue

waves which rose and fell at the bidding

of the wind and tide, as I do when

pacing the street that passes my own

door, "at home."

Her mates, pilots, purser, steward,

engineers, indeed down to the lowest of

her appointees, I have had equal reason

to be pleased with, having found them

all competent and obliging, ever ready

to minister to the comfort of those in

their charge—"the right men for the

right places," emphatically. These are

no empty compliments, but grateful

tributes (feeble though they be) to gen-

tlemen who have more than deserved

them. Again to my notes.

Leaving Philadelphia amidst an un-

clouded sunshine, we run down the

river, was perfectly delightful. Pass-

ing Chester, New Castle, (where the

boat was greeted with a salute from

cannon), Fort Delaware, (on the cele-

brated "Pea Patch," Delaware City,

and Port Penn, we ran out of the Bay

into the Atlantic, with Cape May on

one side and Cape Henlopen on the

other, at 11 o'clock P. M. One's

thoughts in entering for the first time

upon the "wide, wide sea," are not

mingled with that sense of fear usually

supposed to exist. At least mine were

not, nor did those of others seem to be.

The novelty of the experiment over-

rides every other feeling, and directs

the train of reflection in that channel.

But if, unhappily, sea-sickness comes in

to make a "diversion," there is an end,

for the time being, to every thing but

sea-sickness.

The sea-rise on Thursday morning,

which I was up to see, was grand be-

yond any I had ever before witnessed

and admired, and the impression it

made upon my memory-record of the

beautiful will never be effaced.

The weather was very fine, and the

air bracing.

We ran steadily ahead, without a sail

in sight, until about 2 o'clock in the

afternoon, when the "Spaulding," of

Boston, last from Baltimore, with the

Massachusetts delegation on board, was

seen ahead of us, off to the Southwest.

She had the reputation of being a fast

steamer, but we gradually gained on

her, and by 9 o'clock were up even with

her. The "Spaulding's" band struck

up "Old Virginia's Shore," which

brought our party to the deck, when

we gave them three hearty cheers, and

then three more. After the band ceased

cheers were echoed back from the

other boat, when our Captain sent up a

number of beautiful rockets, which were

followed by several on the other side—

the scene closing with the discharge of

cannon. This was a most happy inci-

dent, and no doubt appreciated by those

on both boats. They were within a few

hundred yards of each other.

We soon found the "Spaulding" un-

able to keep up with us, notwithstanding

her proportionately heavier engines and

lighter draught than ours, and by

day-break next morning she had dropped

astern probably ten miles.

We passed Cape Hatteras at 8

o'clock in the evening, and Cape Look

Out at 21 in the morning.

Soon after sunrise a fog settled upon

the ocean, requiring the heaving of the

fog bell, which was off Frying Pan

Shoal, this is opposite Cape Fear.—

The fog lifted, and at 11 A. M. we saw

the "Spaulding" a little ahead of us, in

towards shore, which she seemed to be

"hugging" as closely as possible.—

When first noticed she was near the

Cape Fear Light Ship. We were not

very willing to believe it the vessel we

had left behind a few hours before, but

the officers could make her out nothing

else. She had gained on us during the

fog by taking an inside track and

crossing the shoal, whilst, by reason of

our deeper draught, we were compe-

lled to run outside. The "Keystone

State" soon gained on her, however,

and beat her an hour in to Charleston

harbour—reaching it between 10 and 11

o'clock. The tide being too low to al-

low us to cross the bar, we lay off and

on until day-light in the morning

(Saturday), when we again steamed up

and made the run to the wharf by 6

o'clock—ahead of the "Spaulding" at

least two hours. The New York and

New Orleans steamers, with delegates,

came in soon after us.

In coming up the harbor we passed

Fort Mifflin, on Sullivan's Island, Fort

Sumpter and Castle Pinckney—the

former located upon the very spot

occupied by the palmetto fortification

of that name during Revolutionary

times.

Our party have nearly all gone

ashore, to take a view of the city, and

I shall follow.

H. J. S.

April 23, 1860.

In common with nearly all northern

and western visitors, I have been most

agreeably disappointed in my estimate

of the appearance of Charleston. It

is a beautiful place, embracing a larger

proportion of costly residences, than

any other I have ever visited. Comfort

and beauty are equally consulted in all

their belongings, nothing being spared

which a desire for luxurious ease can

suggest or wealth secure.

The population of Charleston is about

62,000. It contains many very fine

churches, which are, I am told, always

well attended. I saw such to be the

case in several of them yesterday.—

With hotels it is well provided, two of

their first class—all about full, but

none jammed, as was expected—the

"high tariff" no doubt keeping many

away who would otherwise have been

here.

Board at the hotels is \$5 per day,

and everything else in proportion. As

our company remain quartered upon

the boat, we escape all impositions, and

enjoy as many comforts as the best of

them.

Marketing is high. Green peas in

the pod \$4 per bushel; strawberries—

well, about 25 cents per dozen, and

small at that; beef, 18 cents per pound,

and so on.

Vegetation is forward. A ride of a

few miles to the country brought me

by a large number of truck farms.—

Corn is a foot high, and potatoes ditto.

Flowers everywhere, in town and out

of it. Wheat and rye are not cultivated

here at all.

The most beautiful tree growing in

this quarter is the palmetto. I shall

endeavor to secure a pair of them to

take home with me. With extrordi-

nary care I may "coax" them to grow.

The National Democratic Convention

will meet in a few hours. There is

considerable diversity of preference,

but no sign of a storm. The telegraph

is at work day and night, and will keep

the country advised of everything as it

occurs.

H. J. S.

Another Challenge.—Hon. Robert J.

Walker challenged Attorney General

Black to mortal combat, on Thursday

week, through Senator Brown, of Mis-

sissippi. The latter showed his good

sense by declining to accept the chal-

lenge, and so the matter rests. The

cause of the challenge was the At-

torney General's denial that Mr. Buchan-

an's letter to Walker, in Kansas, was

authentic, thus impugning the latter's

character for veracity.

Our Affairs with Spain.—The Hon.

Wm. C. Preston, Ambassador to Spain,

returned by the Asia and is in Washing-

ton. The New York Tribune states

that he has negotiated a treaty with

the Queen's Government whereby all

the questions hitherto in issue between

the two nations are adjusted, and the

most amicable relations re-established.

The Big Fight Quashed.—The steam-

ship America, which arrived at Halifax,

on Friday, brings the news that Heenan

was arrested near Derby, on Good Fri-

day, and was kept in custody until the

day the America sailed, when he was

to have been brought before the magis-

trate. In consequence of Heenan's ar-

rest it was supposed that the fight

would be indefinitely postponed.

Hon. W. A. C. LAWRENCE, late

speaker of the House of Representa-

tives of Pennsylvania, died on Sunday

week, at Harri-borg.

Proceedings of the

National Democratic Convention.

CHARLESTON, April 23.—The National

Democratic Convention assembled

pursuant to previous announcement, at

noon. There was a full attendance

from every State in the Union.

The Convention was called to order

by Judge Smalley, and Francis B.

Flournoy, of Arkansas, was chosen

temporary chairman, who briefly re-

turned his thanks for the honor.

Prayer was then offered by Rev. Dr.

Hauckel, of Charleston.

Wm. F. Ritchie was appointed tem-

porary secretary.

Mr. Fisher, of Virginia, offered a let-

ter from the Wood delegation, of New

THE GAS WORKS.—Mr. Hays, the contractor for the construction of the Gas Works, is pushing forward the work with commendable energy. The gas-house is under way, and a large amount of main pipe laid. A number of our citizens have taken the pipe into their dwellings, ready for the "gas," and others are preparing to follow suit.

MAIL LETTINGS.—The following are among the U. S. mail lettings awarded for this section, a few days ago:—York Springs to York, Miles & Ramsey, \$119; Harrisburg to Gettysburg, William Tate, (three times a week, \$85); Gettysburg by Kingstown to New Chester, Nicholas Weaver, \$124; Hanover to Gettysburg, Joseph Barker, \$150; East Berlin to York, Jesse Myers, \$100; East Berlin to Dillsburg, G. W. Reed, \$95; Littlestown to Emmittsburg, Agnes & Jarboe, (six times a week, \$495).

The triennial election of County Superintendent of Common Schools will be held at this place on Monday next, (May 10th). The officers are, important one, and we hope to see sufficient interest taken in the matter to bring out a full attendance of Directors from every township in the county.

The occupation of Venus by the Moon. came off on Tuesday evening, according to previous notice given by the astronomer. The planet disappeared behind the moon at a quarter past six o'clock, and re-appeared at a quarter past nine.

An exchange gives this timely warning in speaking of Spring. It is worth a column of space for the ladies, ladies, ladies, and happy sunshine. It says, now that warm days are at hand, those whose cellars contain vegetable matter, such as turnips, potatoes, cabbage, celery, &c., should lose no time in having it removed. Imagine the danger of disease and death to the dear ones who live in the apartments above such a noxious and malarious atmosphere as such refuse must engender.

There is an item for the ladies, and is not in season to have its recommendations tried. The French gardeners say that the application of charcoal to flowers brightens their color. The earth in the flower-pots is covered with pulverized charcoal to the depth of half an inch.

The Hanover Band has disposed of its brass instruments to a band in Baltimore for \$250, and their brass and tenor drums to the Abbotstown Band.

We direct attention to the valuable Real Estate advertised in to-day's paper by L. R. Smith, Esq.

ACROSTICAL ENIGMA.—I am composed of 31 letters.

My 1 10 9 2 11 is one that counts money.
2 3 11 5 8 is one that lives in solitude.
3 10 4 1 7 11 is one who has the right of election.

4 11 3 5 9 10 is a native of the West Indies.
5 1 2 3 10 is a kind of clay.
6 8 2 9 10 11 is one who attends a mill.
7 10 11 4 2 is a kind of fish.
8 6 7 5 1 1 10 11 is one that brings goods from abroad.

9 10 is what a person should do.
10 2 6 is the name of a tree.
11 3 4 5 11 is the name of a parish.

My whole is a title of an excellent paper.

Answer to Enigma in last week's paper:—"Tyons pictures."

A Western paper says, that a pair of horses were standing near a railroad station recently, when a train came thundering along; one of the horses was greatly frightened, trembled violently for a moment, then fell down dead, killed by terror.

Julien, the great musical conductor and composer, died lately in a lunatic asylum at Paris.

Thomas Grove, formerly a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature from York county, died on the 10th inst.

Special Notices.

WONDERFUL BUT TRUE.—A few days since, Mr. Jas. H. Beadle, of Haverhill, Mass., called on us and gave us permission to publish for the benefit of suffering humanity, the astonishing cure which has been effected in the case of his wife by the use of Dr. Haege's Vegetable Epileptic Pills. He informed us, that at the time his wife contracted with the medicine, her system was completely prostrated, by the number of epileptic fits she had undergone. He reduced her weight to 100 lbs. Since she has been taking the pills, she has entirely got over the system and has gained in weight and bodily health. She now weighs at least 200 lbs., and declares she is in better enjoyment of health than ever before in her life. Mr. Beadle also related the case of Mr. Harrison Lightfoot, of the same town, who had been afflicted with the same form of Epilepsy by the same pills. Mr. Lightfoot's case was so bad that he never passed a week without having an attack, often falling down in the street. He has not had an attack for more than a year. Mr. Beadle thinks that the pills ever fall in curing a case, it is for the want of proper instruction in the use of the pills in taking them, as he feels assured from observation in the case of his wife, that if they are taken for a sufficient length of time, they will cure any case. Sent to any part of the country by mail, on receipt of a remittance. Address: **DR. HAEGE'S, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. Price, one box, \$3; two, \$5; twelve, \$24.** A full list of these Pills has never been known to fall where the directions on 2d page of pamphlet are well observed.

For further particulars get a pamphlet of the agent.

S. B. \$1 and 4 postage stamps enclosed to authorize agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return of mail.

T. W. Dyott & Son, Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, A. D. Bueller, Agent, Gettysburg, June 13, '90.

THE PUBLIC BLESSING which is now universally admitted to exist in Mother's Little Pills and Phenix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and nervous disorders, fevers, head aches, piles, constiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicines now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, **W. B. MOFFAT**, at his office, 235 Broadway, N. Y., and by Storekeepers and Druggists generally. [Feb. 13, '90]

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.—The Rev. William Cogswode, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe had cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, and Coughs, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desiring of benefiting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought back with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address, **REV. W. B. COGSWODE, 230 Bleecker street, Brooklyn, N. Y.**

March 5, '90, 3m

Circulate the Documents!

The subscription price of *The Compiler* is now at the low rate of \$1.75 per annum, if paid in advance—otherwise, \$2.00. We will also furnish it for the campaign—From this time until after the Presidential election—at seventy-five cents, payment invariably in advance. Persons getting up clubs will always find us ready and willing to make proper remuneration for their time and trouble. **CIRCULATE THE DOCUMENTS!**

MARRIED.

On the 17th inst., by Isaac Robinson, Esq., Mr. JACOB WETZEL, to Miss ELIZABETH STODOLSKY, both of Hanover township.

On the 20th inst., by the Rev. H. G. Dill, Mr. BENJAMIN J. BOLLIK, of Frederick county, Md., to Miss ANN E. CHERBER, of Adams county, Pa.

On the 22d inst., at the Congowago Chapel, Mr. JOHN SHILLING, to Miss MARY McCLAN, both of Oxford township.

In Piquette, Ohio, on the 10th inst., Mr. JOSEPH C. OHIO, of Sidney, (aged 64 years), to Mrs. ELIZABETH MANDERHILL, of Piquette, (aged 79 years). Good for us!

On the 26th of March, in Cumberland township, ABRAHAM EMERSON HARPER, wife of Mr. William Harper, 1793 32 years 7 months and 24 days.

On the 23d inst., at the residence of her father, Abraham King, Esq., in Haverstown, Mrs. MARTHA A. McCOSKIE, wife of Mr. Thompson McCosk, of Memphis, Tenn., aged 28 years 7 months and 8 days.

On the 23d inst., in Adams county, CHARLES C. David and Rebecca Wertz, aged 11 years 6 months and 10 days.

On the 25th inst., Mrs. BASSAAN JANE, daughter of Mr. Philip Dunlop, of Straban township, aged about 10 years.

On the 27th of March last, ANNIE S. C., daughter of James Staley, of Mountpleasant township, aged 2 years 3 months and 4 days.

On the 23d inst., at the residence of her father, Abraham King, Esq., in Haverstown, Mrs. MARTHA A. McCOSKIE, wife of Mr. Thompson McCosk, of Memphis, Tenn., aged 28 years 7 months and 8 days.

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Public Sale

On Saturday, the 25th day of May next, I have for sale, opposite the German Reformed Church, on Station street, in front of one lot nearly as Town Lot.

One Out-Lot, adjoining S. Fahnestock, containing 6 Acres and 37 Perches.

One Out-Lot, adjoining and South of the above, containing 4 Acres and 116 Perches.

One Out-Lot, South of and adjoining W. Ziegler, containing 4 Acres and 52 Perches.

One Out-Lot, North of and adjoining H. Ziegler, containing 1 Acre and 91 Perches.

One Out-Lot, North of and adjoining H. Ziegler, containing 4 Acres and 101 Perches.

One Out-Lot, West of and adjoining W. Ziegler, containing 5 Acres and 75 Perches.

One Out-Lot, South of and adjoining George Lantz, containing 4 Acres and 112 Perches.

One Out-Lot, (men's), on McMillan's Lane, containing 4 Acres and 47 Perches.

One Out-Lot, on McMillan's Lane, adjoining Geo. Codori, containing 5 Acres and 20 Per.

One Out-Lot, on Middle street, adjoining S. Fahnestock, containing about 120 Perches.

One Town-Lot, No. 51, on Railroad, in rear of Young's Hotel.

One Brick House and Half Lot, on Chambersburg street, occupied by Mrs. Dittler.

One Brick Barn and Three Lots, corner of Washington and Railroad streets—the best location in town for Depot and Mercantile business.

Terms.—One-half Cash, on delivery of Deed, and the balance in equal annual payments. The residue of the purchase, WITHOUT INTEREST, in equal annual payments in one and two years from First of April, 1890, secured by Bond and Mortgage on the property, or satisfactory personal security. The properties will be shown by Messrs. Saxer, Warriner or John Swann. ISAAC R. SMITH.

April 29, 1890, 14

30. Summer Arrangement '90.

FINE Black Frock Coats, cheap at

PICKING'S.

BAR and Brown Cashmere Frock Coats, very cheap, at

PICKING'S.

BACK Coats, of all colors, remarkably cheap, at

PICKING'S.

ARABELLES, Frock and Suit Coats, not to be cheaply, at

PICKING'S.

PICKING'S Coats, Linen Suits and Pants, unusually cheap, at

PICKING'S.

O. I. Black Cassimere Pants, astonishingly cheap, at

PICKING'S.

CASIMERE Cassimere Pants, pleasingly cheap, at

PICKING'S.

ALYNETT, Buck and Linen Pants, uncommonly cheap, at

PICKING'S.

ALYNETT Pants, all colors, unusually cheap, at

PICKING'S.

BOYS Coats, Vests and Pants, certainly very cheap, at

PICKING'S.

LINEN and Silk Vests, good and positively cheap at

PICKING'S.

ARABELLES and Nankasee Vests, uncommonly cheap, at

PICKING'S.

SPENCERS, Buck, Collets, Socks, Stocks, Gloves and Jewelry of all kinds, confoundingly cheap, at

PICKING'S.

HOLANS, Files, Plates, &c., most "dodged" cheap, at

PICKING'S.

REVOLVERS, Pistols, Knives, &c., well-regarded, cheap, at

PICKING'S.

ALYNETT, Buck and Linen Pants, uncommonly cheap, at

PICKING'S.

ALYNETT Pants, all colors, unusually cheap, at

PICKING'S.

BOYS Coats, Vests and Pants, certainly very cheap, at

PICKING'S.

Clerk of the Courts.

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge my best efforts to a faithful discharge of the duties of the post.

JOHN EICHOLTZ.

Butler tp., April 2, 1890. 12

Clerk of the Courts.

At the solicitation of numerous friends I offer myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF THE COURTS—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of said office with fidelity.

HENRY G. WOLF.

April 9, 1890. 12

Register and Recorder.

At the solicitation of numerous friends I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER AND RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

ANDREW W. FLEMING.

Gettysburg, April 24, 1890. 12

Register and Recorder.

Through the solicitation of numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for REGISTER AND RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. If nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

WILLIAM OVERBEER.

Benderville, April 2, 1890. 12

Sheriff.

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

MICHAEL B. MILLER.

Mountpleasant tp., April 16, 1890. 12

Sheriff.

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

GEORGE BISHOP.

Cumberland tp., March 19, 1890. 12

Sheriff.

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

JACOB TROCKEL.

Gettysburg, March 26, 1890. 12

Notice.

MARGARET FICKES ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Margaret Fickes, late of Huntingtown township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Roxbury, Franklin co., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN HENRY MYERS.

April 20, 1890. 61

Notice.

ANDREW BROOKS ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Brooks, late of Reading township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first in a reading in Adams county, and the last named in Butler township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB BUSHEY, Prothy.

April 20, 1890. 48

Notice.

JACOB SHREELY'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Shreely, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB SHREELY, Executor.

April 30, 1890. 61

Notice.

JACOB HANKEY'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Hankey, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB HANKEY, Executor.

April 2, 1890. 61

Notice.

FLEMING GILLILAND'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Fleming Gilliland, late of Straban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL GILLILAND, Ex'r.

March 26, 1890. 61

Notice.

PETER MORITZ'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Peter Moritz, late of Reading township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the Adm. of the ESTATE of GEORGE FEESE, late of Germany township, deceased, will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, on Tuesday, the 22d of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

183. First and final account of John Snyder, Executor of the last will and testament of James Leister, deceased.

184. The second account of James Freese, Executor of the will of Jacob Freese, late of Germany township, deceased.

185. Second account of Daniel Bombaugh, Executor of Henry Schirrer, deceased.

186. The second and final account of Tobias Boyer, Executor of the last will and testament of Henry B. Shindler, deceased.

187. First and final account of Addison W. Myers, Executor of Margaret Boyer, deceased.

188. The first and final account of Peter Smith, Administrator of the estate of Rachel Smith, (widow of Anthony Smith deceased) late of Mountpleasant township, deceased.

189. The first account of Jacob Haverstock, Administrator of Peter Haverstock, deceased.

190. First account of Jacob Harman, one of the Executors of Samuel Studebaker, deceased.

191. The first and final account of Clemens Studebaker, one of the Executors of Samuel Studebaker, deceased.

192. The second and final account of Jacob Myers, one of the Executors of George Deardoff, deceased.

193. The second account of James McElvree and John L. Sadler, Executors of the last will and testament of Joshua Snyder, deceased, as settled by James McElvree, Executor.

194. The first account of Henry Spangler, Administrator of the estate of Isaac Haverstock, deceased.

195. The account of Sebastian Stitzel, Administrator of George Naylor, deceased.

196. The first and final account of George Wilson and Joseph Gaff, Administrators of the estate of Frances Wilson, deceased.

197. The first account of Joel B. Bannar, Executor of Peter Bannar, deceased.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, Register.

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Pa. April 23, 1890. 12

Notice to Stockholders.

NOTICE is hereby given to subscribers to the Capital Stock of the GETTYSBURG GAS COMPANY, that by a Resolution of the Board of Directors, payment of the first installment on each share of stock (one-fifth of each share) is hereby required to be made to Joel B. Bannar, the Treasurer of said Company, at his office in this house, in the Borough of Gettysburg, agreeably to the terms of subscription.

By the Act of Assembly relating to Gas Companies, notice for payment of subscriptions of stock has not been complied with, the company can make one per cent, per month interest on the amount due and unpaid.

